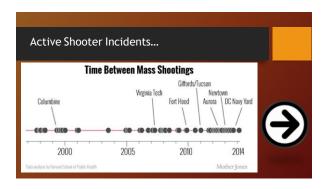






# Today's Session... Review of Real World Incidents Importance of Situational Awareness Concepts: PHASE and CAVE Incidents Case Study- Active Shooter in a LTC Facility Expectations- Law Enforcement Response Response "Options" = The Four Outs Tactical Considerations Calling for Help Recovery Considerations Tabletop Exercise





Be Aware   Alert	
Situational Awar	

### Preparedness

- You cannot prepare for every eventuality, but... failing to prepare is preparing to fail
- Preparing and practicing for emergencies (fire drills, exercises, lockdown, etc.) makes you & the team better when the unforeseen happens

### **Ready Yourself**

### My EDC

- •It's all just stuff.
- •It may be cool stuff, but in the end it's still just stuff.
- •You are the weapon.

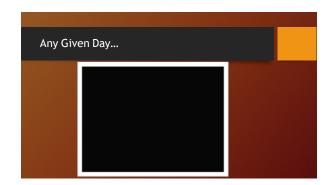
Derrick A. Denis















Tulsa, OK- Targeted Shooting	
A letter recovered on the suspect identified by police as Michael Louis, 45, of Muskogee, Oklahoma 'made it clear	
that he came with the intent to kill Dr. Phillips and anyone who got in his way," Franklin said. "He blamed Dr. Phillips for	
the ongoing pain following the surgery."  The three others killed were Dr. Stephanie	
Husen, receptionist Amanda Glenn and patient William Love, Franklin said.	
On The LooseTerror in the Streets	















### **PHASE Incident**

<u>Personal</u>: This incident is not random and occurs between known persons. The incident is driven by an emotional cause (passion, rage, love, revenge, etc.)

 $\underline{\textit{Hostile}}$  : The offender's action toward the victim is driven by emotion and will be brutally violent

 $\underline{\textit{Agenda}}$  : The offender has a premeditated plan and has come to the facility prepared to carry it out

 $\underline{\it Singular}.$  The incident will be over once the agenda has been completed; not a continuous act

**Event**: The quantified incident

### **PHASE Incident Examples**

### XANGER

### PHASE® Incident

- Domestic dispute
- Mercy killing
- 'Wrongful death'—targeting caregiver
- Resident mistreatment/abuse
- Child custody
- Employee harassment
- Employee termination

## CAVE® Incident

### **CAVE Incident**

C: Continuous

A: Active V: Violent

E: Event



### **CAVE Incident**

 $\underline{\textit{Continuous}}.$  The offender will continue the incident until (s)he is stopped by some outside force

Active: The offender's agenda has no clear end point. (S)he may have an objective, but it is very broad and not clearly defined

Violent: Because the objective is broad, the offender needs a grandiose method to carry it out (e.g., large quantities of weapons, munitions, and possibly explosives). The method of violence delivery is usually well thought out

Event: The quantified incident

### **CAVE Incident Examples**

- Mental illness
- 'Wrongful death' (departmental-wide)
- Resident mistreatment/abuse
- Employee termination
- Political agenda
- Personal agenda









### Rapid Response

- A trained, coordinated law enforcement technique to respond to and mitigate the potentially high casualty count from an active-shooter incident
  Developed after and due to the Columbine High School mass shooting in 1999
  Primary objective: Enter the facility, proceed to the sound of gunfire, stop the threat
  The initial entry team will bypass the wounded and those in need of help
  The second entry team is tasked with assisting the wounded and directing evacuation





### Rapid Response



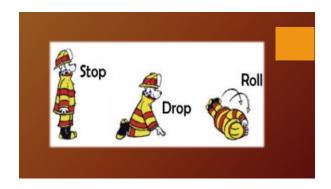
### Response to Law Enforcement Arrival

- Officers will be in different uniforms but will be clearly identifiable as police
- Follow law enforcement directions

- Do not have any items in your hands
  Keep your hands up. Try and remain calm
  Do not run or make sudden movements toward
- Do not yell, scream, or speak with officers
  Expect to be detained, searched, and questioned

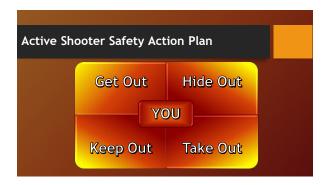








Active Shooter Safety Action Plan	
The 4 "OUTS" of surviving an active-shooter incident	



# Information to give the 911 Operator Facility name and location Your name Nature of the event Description of the subject or shooter (if known) Type of weapon(s) Persons injured—number and extent

Fire	arm Tutorial
Fire	arm Styles
	It is not important that you are a 'firearm expert' when giving information to the 911 operator
	You do not need to know make, model, or caliber
	If possible, give the 911 operator the style of firearm  Handgun: A firearm that can be held in one's hand (e.g., a pistol or revolver)
	<ul> <li>Long gun: A firearm that is designed to be fired by mounting on one's shoulder (e.g., a rifle or shotgun)</li> </ul>

Types of Pistols		Actions for Long Guns
	Single-Action Revolver	Bolt Action
	Double-Action	Leveraction  Pump Action
	Revolver	Semi-Automatic Action
70	Semi-Automatic Pistols	Hinge Action
		Falling Block Action

### Active Shooter Safety Action Plan

### **Hide Out**

- Inconspicuous place
   Cover yourself
- Call or text 911 if able and safe to do so
- Silence cell phones, pagers, etc.
- Be still ~ Stay Focused
   Hide in 'plain sight'
- Play dead













